## **EDEN IAS**



## ANTHROPOLOGY OPTIONAL DAILY ANSWER WRITING SCHEDULE

DATE / WEEK	TEST	SYLLABUS		
	ANTHROPOLOGY PAPER - I			
		WEEK - 1 SCHEDULE		
DAY - 1 (MONDAY)	TEST - 1	1.1 Meaning, Scope & Development of Anthropology  1.2 Relations with other disciplines		
DAY - 2 (TUESDAY)	TEST - 2	<ul> <li>6. Anthropological Theories</li> <li>a) Classical evolutionism (Tylor, Morgan, an Frazer)</li> <li>b) Historical particularism (Boas); Diffusionism (British, German and American)</li> <li>c) Functionalism (Malinowski); Structuralfuntionalism (Radcliffe-Brown)</li> </ul>		
DAY - 3 (WEDNES- DAY)	TEST - 3	<ul> <li>6. Anthropological Theories</li> <li>a) Structuralism (L'evi – Strauss and E. Leach)</li> <li>b) Culture and personality (Benedict, Mead, Linton, Kardiner and Cora – du Bois).</li> <li>c) Neo – evolutionism (Childe, White, Steward, Sahlins and Service)</li> </ul>		

EDEN IAS Classroom : Shop no - 6, 2nd Floor, Front Side, Bada Bazar Road, Old RajindeNagar Market Land mark - Fair Price Book Shop and Kumar Book Depo

		6. Anthropological Theories
DAY - 4 (THURSDAY)		a) Cultural materialism (Harris)
	TEST - 4	b) Symbolic and interpretive theories (Turner, Schneider and Geertz)
	1ESI - 4	c) Cognitive theories (Tyler, Conklin)
		d) Post- modernism in anthropology
		2.1 Nature of Culture
		The concept and characteristics of culture and civilization;      The contrigue via A via cultural Polaticians.
		Ethnocentrism vis-à-vis cultural Relativism.
DAY - 5	TEST - 5	2.2 The Nature of Society:
(FRIDAY)	1651-5	Concept of Society;
		Society and Culture;
		Social Institutions;
		Social groups;
		Social stratification.
	•	WEEK - 2 SCHEDULE
		2.3 Marriage
		Definition and universality;
		<ul> <li>Laws of marriage (endogamy, exogamy, hyper gamy, hypo gamy, in-</li> </ul>
,		cest taboo);
DAY - 1	TEST - 6	Types of marriage (monogamy, polygamy, polyandry, group mar-
(MONDAY)	1201	riage).
		Functions of marriage;
		<ul> <li>Marriage regulations (preferential, prescriptive and proscriptive);</li> </ul>
		Marriage payments (bride wealth and dowry).
		2.4 Family
		Definition and universality;
		Family, household and domestic groups;
DAY - 2		• functions of family;
(TUESDAY)	TEST - 7	Types of family (from the perspectives of structure, blood relation,
		marriage, residence and succession);
		Impact of urbanization, industrialization, and feminist movements
		on family.
		2.5 Kinship
		Consanguinity and Affinity;
		<ul> <li>Principles and types of descent (Unilineal, Double, Bilateral, Am-</li> </ul>
DAY - 3 (WEDNES- DAY)	TEST - 8	bilineal); Forms of descent groups (lineage, clan, phratry, moiety,
		and kindred);
		Kinship terminology (descriptive and classificatory);
		Descent, Filiation and Complimentary Filiations;
		Descent and Alliance

DAY - 4 (THURSDAY)	TEST - 9	<ul> <li>3. Economic Anthropology</li> <li>Meaning, scope and relevance of economic anthropology;</li> <li>Formalist and Substantivist debate;</li> <li>Principles governing production, distribution and exchange (reciprocity, redistribution and market), in communities, subsisting on hunting and gathering, fishing, swiddening, pastoralism, horticulture, and agriculture; globalization and indigenous economic systems.</li> </ul>
		4. Political Organization & Social Control
DAY - 5		<ul> <li>Band, tribe, chiefdom, kingdom and state;</li> </ul>
(FRIDAY)	TEST - 10	<ul> <li>concepts of power, authority and legitimacy;</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>social control, law, and justice in simple societies</li> </ul>
		WEEK - 3 SCHEDULE
		5. Religion:
DAY - 1 (MONDAY)	TEST - 11	<ul> <li>Anthropological approaches to the study of religion (evolutionary, psychological and functional); monotheism and polytheism;</li> <li>sacred and profane;</li> <li>myths and rituals;</li> <li>forms of religion in tribal and peasant societies (animism, animatism, fetishism, naturism and totemism);</li> <li>religion, magic and science distinguished;</li> <li>Magico- religious functionaries (priest, shaman, medicine man, sorcerer and witch).</li> </ul>
DAY - 2 (TUESDAY)	TEST - 12	<ul> <li>7. Culture, Language &amp; Communication</li> <li>Nature, origin and characteristics of language;</li> <li>verbal and non-verbal communication;</li> <li>Social context of language use.</li> <li>8. Research Methods in Anthropology</li> <li>Fieldwork tradition in anthropology</li> <li>Distinction between technique, method and methodology</li> <li>Tools of data collection: observation, interview, schedules, questionnaire, Case study, genealogy, life-history, oral history, secondary sources of information, participatory methods.</li> <li>Analysis, interpretation and presentation of data.</li> </ul>
DAY - 3 (WEDNES- DAY)	TEST - 13	<ul> <li>1.4 Human Evolution &amp; Emergence of Man</li> <li>Biological and Cultural factors in human evolution.</li> <li>Theories of Organic Evolution (Pre- Darwinian, Darwinian and Post-Darwinian).</li> <li>Synthetic theory of evolution; Brief outline of terms and concepts of evolutionary biology (Doll's rule, Cope's rule, Gause's rule, parallelism, convergence, adaptive radiation, and mosaic evolution).</li> </ul>

	1	1. T. Characteristics of Drivetos
DAY - 4		1.5 Characteristics of Primates
		Evolutionary Trend and Primate Taxonomy;
		Primate Adaptations;
		(Arboreal and Terrestrial) Primate Taxonomy;
(THURSDAY)	TEST - 14	Primate Behaviour;
		Tertiary and Quaternary fossil primates;
		Living Major Primates;
		Comparative Anatomy of Man and Apes;
		Skeletal changes due to erect posture and its implications.
DAY - 5 (FRIDAY)	TEST - 15	<ul> <li>1.6 Phylogenetic Status, Characteristics &amp; Distribution of fossil humans</li> <li>Plio-preleistocene hominids in South and East Africa - Australopithecus</li> <li>Homo erectus: Africa (Paranthropus), Europe (Homo erectus heidelbergensis), Asia (Homo erectus javanicus, Homo erectus pekinensis).</li> <li>Neanderthal Man- La-Chapelle-aux-saints (Classical type), Mt. Carmel (Progressive type).</li> <li>Rhodesian man.</li> <li>Homo sapiens — Cromagnon, Grimaldi and Chancelede.</li> </ul>
	ļ	WEEK - 4 SCHEDULE
		1.8 (a) Principles of Prehistoric Archaeology Chronology
DAY - 1 (MONDAY)	TEST - 16	1.8 (b) Cultural Evolution- Broad Outlines of Prehistoric cultures  Paleolithic Mesolithic Neolithic Chalcolithic Copper-Bronze Age Iron Age
		9.1 Biological basis of Life
DAY - 2 (TUESDAY)	TEST - 17	9.1 Human Genetics Methods and Application: Methods for study of genetic principles in man-family study (pedigree analysis, twin study, foster child, cotwin method, cytogenetic method, chromosomal and karyo-type analysis), biochemical methods, immunological methods, D.N.A. technology and recombinant technologies. 9.2 Mendelian Genetics in man-family study, single factor, multifactor, lethal, sub-lethal and polygenic inheritance in man.
DAY - 3 (WEDNES- DAY)	TEST - 18	<ul> <li>9.3 Concept of genetic polymorphism and selection, Mendelian population, Hardy-Weinberg law; causes and changes which bring down frequency – mutation, isolation, migration, selection, inbreeding and genetic drift. Consanguineous and non-consanguineous mating, genetic load, genetic effect of consanguineous and cousin marriages.</li> <li>9.4 Chromosomes &amp; Chromosomal Aberrations         <ul> <li>Sex chromosomal aberrations – Klinefelter's (XXY), Turner (XO), super female (XXX), intersex and other syndromic disorders.</li> <li>Autosomal aberrations – Down syndrome, Patau, Edward and Cri-du-chat syndromes.</li> <li>Genetic imprints in human disease, genetic screening, genetic counseling, human DNA profiling, gene mapping and genome study.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

DAY - 4 (THURSDAY)	TEST - 19	<ul> <li>9.5 Race &amp; Racism</li> <li>The biological basis of morphological variation of non-metric and metric characters.</li> <li>Racial criteria, racial traits in relation to heredity and environment;</li> <li>Biological basis of racial classification, racial differentiation and race crossing in man.</li> <li>9.6</li> <li>a) Age, sex and population variation as genetic marker- ABO, Rh blood groups, HLA Hp, transferring, Gm, blood enzymes.</li> <li>b) Physiological characteristics- Hb level, body fat, pulse rate, respiratory functions and sensory perceptions in different cultural and socio-economic groups.</li> </ul>
DAY - 5 (FRIDAY)	TEST - 20	<ul> <li>9.7 Concepts and methods of Ecological Anthropology. Bio- Cultural Adaptations, Genetic and Non- genetic factors. Man's physiological responses to environmental stresses: hot desert, cold, high altitude climate.</li> <li>9.8 Epidemiological Anthropology <ul> <li>Health and disease, Infectious and non-infectious diseases</li> <li>Nutritional deficiency-related diseases</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
		WEEK - 5 SCHEDULE
DAY - 1 (MONDAY)	TEST - 21	<ul> <li>10. Concept of Human Growth &amp; Development</li> <li>Stages of growth – pre-natal, natal, infant, childhood, adolescence, maturity, senescence.</li> <li>Factors affecting growth and development genetic, environmental, biochemical, nutritional, cultural and socio-economic.</li> <li>Ageing and senescence: Theories and observations – biological and chronological longevity.</li> <li>Human physique and somatotypes. Methodologies for growth studies.</li> </ul>
DAY - 2 (TUESDAY)	TEST - 22	11.1 Relevance of menarche, menopause and other bioevents to fertility. Fertility patterns and differentials. 11.2 Demographic Theories- biological, social and cultural. 11.3 Biological and socio-ecological factors influencing fecundity, fertility, natality and mortality.
DAY - 3 (WEDNES- DAY)	TEST - 23	<ul> <li>Applications of Anthropology</li> <li>Anthropology of sports,</li> <li>Nutritional anthropology,</li> <li>Anthropology in designing of defence and other equipments,</li> <li>Forensic Anthropology,</li> <li>Methods and principles of personal identification and reconstruction,</li> <li>Applied human genetics</li> <li>Paternity diagnosis, genetic counseling and eugenics,</li> <li>DNA technology in diseases and medicine,</li> <li>Serogenetics and cytogenetics in reproductive biology.</li> </ul>
DAY - 4 (THURSDAY)	TEST - 24	REVISION TEST PAPER I (PART 1)
DAY - 5 (FRIDAY)	TEST - 25	REVISION TEST PAPER I (PART 2)

ANTHROPOLOGY PAPER II		
		WEEK - 6 SCHEDULE
		1.1 Evolution of Indian Culture & Civilization: Prehistoric (Paleolithic, Me-
DAY - 1 (MONDAY)		solithic, Neolithic and Neolithic Chalcolithic). Protohistoric (Indus Civilization):
		Pre- Harappan, Harappan and post- Harappan cultures. Contributions of tribal
	TEST - 26	cultures to Indian civilization.
		1.2 Palaeo-Anthropological evidences from India with special reference to
		Shiwaliks and Narmada basin (Ramapithecus, Sivapithecus and Narmada Man).
		1.3 Ethno-Archaeology in India
<b></b>		The concept of ethno-archaeology;
DAY - 2	TEST - 27	<ul> <li>Survivals and Parallels among the hunting, foraging, fishing, pas-</li> </ul>
(TUESDAY)		toral and peasant communities including arts and crafts produc-
		ing communities.
DAY 0		2. Demographic Profile of India
DAY - 3	mnom oo	Ethnic and linguistic elements in the Indian population and their
(WEDNES-	TEST - 28	distribution.
DAY)		<ul> <li>Indian population – factors influencing its structure and growth</li> </ul>
		3.1 Structure & Nature of Indian Traditional System
		Varnashram,
		Purushartha,
		• Karma,
		Rina and Rebirth
DAY 4		3.2 Caste System in India
DAY - 4	TEST - 29	structure and characteristics,
(THURSDAY)		Varna and caste,
		Theories of origin of caste system,
		Dominant caste,
	,	Caste mobility,
		Future of caste system,
		Jajmani system,
		Tribe- caste continuum.
DAY - 5	TEST - 30	3.3 Sacred Complex & Nature-Man-Spirit Complex
(FRIDAY)	11231 - 30	3.5 Sacred Complex & Nature-Mair-Spirit Complex
	1	WEEK - 7 SCHEDULE
DAY - 1 (MONDAY)	TEST - 31	3.4 Impact of Buddhism, Jainism, Islam & Christianity on Indian Society
DAY - 2		<b>4. Emergence &amp; Growth of Anthropology in India:</b> Contributions of the 18th,
(TUESDAY)	TEST - 32	19th and early 20th Century scholar-administrators. Contributions of Indian an-
		thropologists to tribal and caste studies

	1	<u> </u>	
DAY - 3		5.1 Indian Village	
		Significance of village study in India;	
		<ul> <li>Indian village as a social system;</li> </ul>	
(WEDNES-	TEST - 33	Traditional and changing patterns of settlement and inter-caste re-	
DAY)		lations;	
2.11,		Agrarian relations in Indian villages;	
		<ul> <li>Impact of globalization on Indian villages.</li> </ul>	
		5.2 Linguistic & Religious Minorities & their social, political & economic	
		status	
DAY - 4	TECT 04	5.3 Endogenous & Exogenous processes of socio-cultural change in Indian	
(THURSDAY)	TEST - 34	<b>Society:</b> Sanskritization, Westernization, Modernization; Inter-play of little and	
<b>_</b>		great traditions; Panchayati raj and social change; Media and social change.	
		6.1 Tribal situation in India & Approaches to Tribal Development - Bio-ge-	
DAY - 5 (FRIDAY)	TEST - 35	netic variability, linguistic and socio-economic characteristics of tribal popula-	
(FRIDAI)		tions and their distribution	
		WEEK - 8 SCHEDULE	
DAY - 1		6.2 Problems of Tribal Communities - land alienation, poverty, indebted-	
(MONDAY)	TEST - 36	ness, low literacy, poor educational facilities, unemployment, underemployment,	
(100112111)		health and nutrition.	
DAY - 2	TEST - 37	<b>6.3 Developmental Projects &amp; their impact on Tribes:</b> Problems of rehabilitation, Development of forest policy and tribals. Impact of urbanization and indus-	
(TUESDAY)	11231 - 37	trialization on tribal populations.	
	TEST - 38	<b>7.1</b> Problems of exploitation and deprivation of Scheduled Castes, Scheduled	
		Tribes and Other Backward Classes. Constitutional safeguards for Scheduled	
DAY - 3 (WEDNES-		Tribes and Scheduled Castes.	
DAY)	11231 - 30	7.2 Social change and contemporary tribal societies: Impact of modern dem-	
		ocratic institutions, development programmes and welfare measures on tribals	
		and weaker sections.	
	TEST - 39	<ul><li>7.3 The concept of Ethnicity</li><li>Ethnic conflicts and political developments;</li></ul>	
		Unrest among tribal communities;	
DAY - 4		Regionalism and demand for autonomy;	
(THURSDAY)		Pseudo-tribalism;	
		<ul> <li>Social change among the tribes during colonial and post-Independent India.</li> </ul>	
		defit fildid.	
		8.1 Impact of Hinduism, Buddhism, Christianity, Islam & other religions on	
DAY - 5 (FRIDAY)	TEST - 40	tribal societies 8.2 Tribe & Nation State: A comparative study of tribal communities in India	
(FRIDAT)		and other countries.	
	WEEK - 9 SCHEDULE		
		9.1 History of administration of tribal areas, tribal policies, plans, programmes	
DAY - 1 (MONDAY)	TEST - 41	of tribal development and their implementation. The concept of PTGs (Primitive	
		Tribal Groups), their distribution, special programmes for their development. Role of N.G.O.s in tribal development.	
		note of radio.5 in tribul development.	
		9.2 Role of Anthropology in Tribal & Rural Development	

DAY - 2 (TUESDAY)	TEST - 42	9.3 Contribution of Anthropology to understand regionalism, communalism and ethnic & political movements
DAY - 3 (WEDNES- DAY)	TEST - 43	REVISION TEST PAPER II (PART - 1)
DAY - 4 (THURSDAY)	TEST - 44	REVISION TEST PAPER II (PART - 2)
WEEK - 10 SCHEDULE		
DAY - 1 (FRIDAY)	TEST - 45	MOCK TEST PAPER I MOCK TEST PAPER II

## **DETAILS OF THE PROGRAM**

- Duration of the programme 10 weeks
- 5 days in a week (Monday to Friday)
- 4 Questions per day and 20 questions per week
- Proper evaluation on the parameters of UPSC.
- Comprehensive and intensive coverage of all topics.
- One to One mentorship with the faculty.